Listing of Claims

1. (Currently Amended) A method for performing spectral imaging, comprising: generating multiple-photon excitation in a specimen;

detecting photoacoustic waves resulting from the excitation, wherein the photoacoustic waves are generated by species, including non-fluorescent species; and

forming a spectral image based on the photoacoustic waves, wherein the multiple-photon excitation is generated based on simultaneous absorption of N photons by each of a plurality of molecules in the specimen, where $N \ge 2$.

2. (Canceled)

- 3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the generating step includes: directing unscattered photons on the specimen to generate the multiple-photon excitation.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the multiple-photon excitation is generated solely as a result of directing the unscattered photons onto the specimen.
 - 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the photoacoustic waves derive from non-radiative relaxing light-absorbing species in the specimen.
 - 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the photoacoustic waves derive

from non-fluorescent species in the specimen.

- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the photoacoustic waves derive from fluorescent and non-fluorescent species in the specimen.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the generating step includes: irradiating the specimen with light to a predetermined depth and within a predetermined range of wavelengths.
 - 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the specimen is tissue.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the predetermined depth is several millimeters.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the predetermined wavelength range includes wavelengths lying within a diagnostic window of the tissue.
 - 12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the specimen is tissue.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the specimen is a collection of biological molecules.
 - 14. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the photoacoustic waves include

ultrasonic waves.

- 15. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:analyzing the spectral image to detect a feature within the specimen.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the feature is malignant tissue.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the multiple-photon excitation is two-photon excitation in the specimen.
- 18. (Previously Presented) A system for performing spectral imaging, comprising: an exciter which generates multiple-photon excitation in a specimen; and a detector which detects photoacoustic waves from the specimen as a result of the excitation, wherein the multiple-photon excitation is generated based on simultaneous absorption of N photons by each of a plurality of molecules in the specimen, where N ≥ 2 and wherein the molecules include molecules from non-fluorescent species.
 - 19. (Canceled)
- 20. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 18, wherein the exciter generates two-photon excitation in the specimen based solely on unscattered photons.
 - 21. (Original) The system of claim 18, wherein the exciter includes:

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a laser which directs light within a predetermined range of wavelengths into the specimen.

- 22. (Original) The system of claim 21, wherein said predetermined range of wavelengths causes the light to penetrate a predetermined depth into the specimen.
 - 23. (Original) The system of claim 22, wherein the specimen is tissue.
- 24. (Original) The system of claim 23, wherein said predetermined depth is several millimeters.
- 25. (Original) The system of claim 22, wherein said predetermined range of wavelengths includes wavelengths lying within a diagnostic window of the tissue.